

# **US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs**

**APPENDIX F. Probit Analysis Input and Outputs** 

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# **APPENDIX F. Probit Analysis Input and Outputs**

Ed Odenkirchen, June 22, 2004 EFED/OPP/USEPA

#### IEC V1.1 - Individual Effect Chance to Terrestrial Phase of CRLF Model Version 1.1 Predictor of chance of individual effect using probit dose-response curve slope and median lethal estimate Enter LC<sub>50</sub> or LD<sub>50</sub> 1386 Enter desired threshold Enter slope of dose-response 2.92 z score result -2.92 z is the standard normal deviate Probability associated with z 1.75E-03 Uses Excel NORMDIST function to estimate P with lower reporting limit of 1.0 E-16 Chance of individual effect, ~1 in . . . 5.71E+02 Calculated as 1/P This is based on the formula $logLC_k = logLC_{50} + (z/b)$ where: z is the standard normal deviate and b equals slope Works for dose-response models based on a probit assumption (i.e. log normal distribution of individual sensitivity) Note: Excel cannot calculate probabilities for extremes in z scores beyond -8.2 Probability is defaulted to 10<sup>-16</sup>, which is the limit of Excel reporting.

Enter LC <sub>50</sub> or LD <sub>50</sub>	0.72	
Enter desired threshold	0.05	
Enter slope of dose-response	4.5	Is this a default slope estimate? Yes or No
z score result	-5.85463498	z is the standard normal deviate
Probability associated with z	2.39E-09	Uses Excel NORMDIST function to estimate P with lower reporting limit of 1.0 E-16
Chance of individual effect, ~1 in	4.18E+08	Calculated as 1/P
This is based on the formula $logLC_k = logLC_{50}+(z/w)$ where: z is the standard normal deviate and b equ Works for dose-response models based on a probit assumption	als slope	distribution of individual sensitivity)
Note: Excel cannot calculate probabilities for extremes in z so Probability is defaulted to 10 <sup>-16</sup> , which is the limit of Exc		

Enter LC <sub>50</sub> or LD <sub>50</sub>	1386	
Enter desired threshold	37	
Enter slope of dose-response	2.92	
z score result	4.57914903 z is the standard normal deviate	
Probability associated with z	1.00E+00 Uses Excel NORMDIST function to estimate P with lower reporting limit of 1	.0 E-16
Chance of individual effect, ~1 in	1.00E+00 Calculated as 1/P	
This is based on the formula $logLC_k = logLC_{50}+(x)$ where: z is the standard normal deviate and b ec Works for dose-response models based on a probit assump	uals slope ion (i.e. log normal distribution of individual sensitivity)	
Note: Excel cannot calculate probabilities for extremes in z Probability is defaulted to 10 <sup>-16</sup> , which is the limit of Ex		

## IEC V1.1 - 35 gram Mammal prey Individual Effect Chance Model Version 1.1

Predictor of chance of individual effect using probit dose-response curve slope and median lethal estimate

redictor of chance of individual effect using p	HODIL GOSE-IE	sponse cui ve siope and median lethal estimate
Enter LC <sub>50</sub> or LD <sub>50</sub>	1386	
Enter desired threshold	19.83	
Enter slope of dose-response	2.92	
z score result	3.78818233	z is the standard normal deviate
Probability associated with z	1.00E+00	Uses Excel NORMDIST function to estimate P with lower reporting limit of 1.0 E-16
Chance of individual effect, ~1 in	1.00E+00	Calculated as 1/P

This is based on the formula  $logLC_k = logLC_{50} + (z/b)$ 

where: z is the standard normal deviate and b equals slope

Works for dose-response models based on a probit assumption (i.e. log normal distribution of individual sensitivity)

Note: Excel cannot calculate probabilities for extremes in z scores beyond -8.2 Probability is defaulted to 10<sup>-16</sup>, which is the limit of Excel reporting.

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### IEC V1.1 - Individual Effect Chance to CRLF Fish Prey Model Version 1.1

Predictor of chance of individual effect using probit dose-response curve slope and median lethal estimate

Enter LC <sub>50</sub> or LD <sub>50</sub>	0.72
Enter desired threshold	0.32
Enter slope of dose-response	4.5
z score result	-2.2268251

Is this a default slope estimate? Yes or No

z is the standard normal deviate

Probability associated with z 1.30E-02 Uses Excel NORMDIST function to estimate P with lower reporting limit of 1.0 E-16 Chance of individual effect, ~1 in . . . 7.70E+01 Calculated as 1/P

This is based on the formula  $logLC_k = logLC_{50} + (z/b)$ 

where: z is the standard normal deviate and b equals slope

Works for dose-response models based on a probit assumption (i.e. log normal distribution of individual sensitivity)

Note: Excel cannot calculate probabilities for extremes in z scores beyond -8.2 Probability is defaulted to 10<sup>-16</sup>, which is the limit of Excel reporting.

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